

Let's get started

- Please use the Chat feature to ask questions and watch for digital handouts and informative links
- If you experience technical difficulties, including sound and video issues, please log off and come back to the webinar
- This webinar is being recorded; an On-Demand link will be emailed to all registrants to watch again and share with your colleagues



25 FERRIT TOOK FROM GROUP ILLE A 1994 FROM INC.

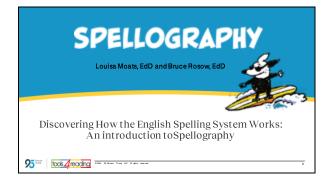
Our Foundational Principles





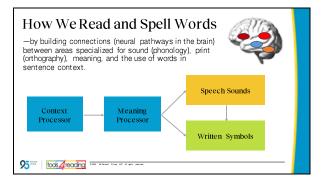
25 FERROR TOOK FRONTING COMP LLC A rights reserve

Trusted and Proven Literacy Solutions made by Educators, for Educators We have a teacher-centric approach, which honors and amplifies a teacher's impact.





Our Objectives with Spellography Improve the spelling, reading, and vocabulary of intermediate students Promote excitement about and interest in the English language Help students discover how language works, including: Sounds (phonemes) Phoneme consepondences Patters inter Englishpating system (ortography) Meaningful pair of words (en roptology) The history and origin of words (et ymnology) Grammar (syntax) and usage



Example, the Word "Universal"	
uni-vers-al (3 morphemes; suffix-al marks an adjective)	
u-ni-ver-sal (4 syllables)	
u-n-i-v-er-s-a-l (8 graphemes)	
u-n-i-v-e-r-s-a-l (9 letters)	
[yū n ə v ers ə l] (8 phonemes)	
95 CONT COOK FEEDING COM IS NOW IS A UPO COURSE	9

The layers of language represented in Print

- Phonology: speech sounds
 44 consonant and vowel
 phone mes
 - · Phoneme awareness
- · Orthography: the writing system Graphemes, phoneme-grapheme matching
 - Patterns of letter use, rules for endings, syllable types
- Morphology and Etymology
 - Meaningful word parts and word origin
- Syntax: sentence structure
- How "parts of speech" are reflected in







25 FERRY TOOK FROM GROUP ILE A 1994 FROM

Allophonic Variation and Coarticulation



Indian



igloo



itch



25 TOOK FROM COMP LLC A 1964 FROM

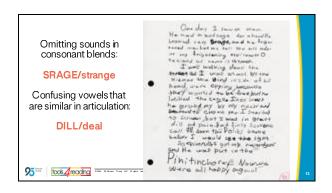
Why Is Phoneme Awareness Important?

- A high level of phoneme awareness is required for good spelling
- · Poor/weak spellers typically have unresolved weaknesses in PA
- · Spelling error research tells us that weaker spellers are challenged by:
 - · Processing all sounds in consonant blends or clusters
 - · Identifying specific sounds embedded in words (liquids, nasals)
 - · Vowelsound identification, especially sounds close in articulation
 - · Representing unstressed or unaccented syllables
 - · Pronouncing multi-syllable words
 - Processing differences between the way words sound versus how they look

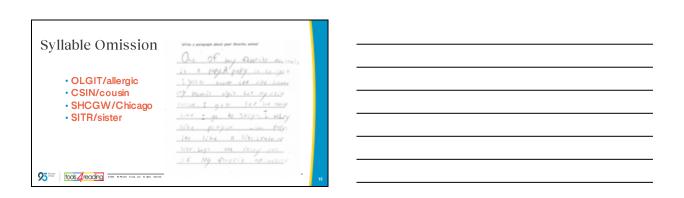




25 FERRIS TOOK FEEDING COME SEPARATE Group LLC A 1994 Construct







Spellography Instructional Routines

A typical lesson progression:

- Explain the spelling concept
- Practice phoneme awareness
- $\bullet \quad \text{Study the spelling pattern: Word completion, word sort, word build, word analysis,} \\$ p ho ne me-graphe me matching
- Read lists of pattern-based words that are repeated for fluency
- Analyze the morphological structure of words
- Write words and sentence sto dictation
- Compose or complete sentence susing a sentence frame





Spellography Routines: Phoneme Awareness

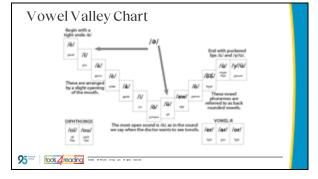
The goal: Accurate, fluent identification of the sounds in the spoken word!

- Focus on sounds relevant to the spelling lesson
- Oral exercises led by the teacher
- Fast paced! 3 minutes or soper lesson
- Frequent, short, distributed practice
- Reference: The Vowel Valley Chart
- Reference: The Consonant Chart

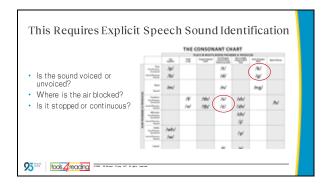


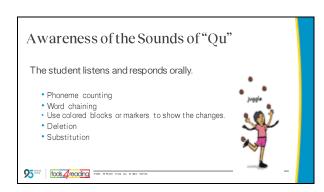


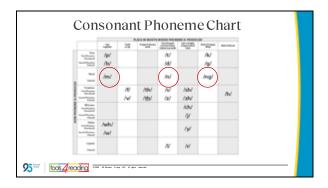
25 PRIOR TOOK FROM GIVE BY PRIOR GIVE LLC A 1994 I PRIOR CO.

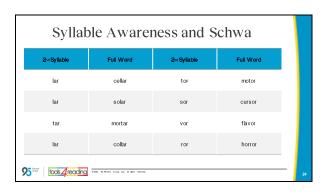


Book A Exercise: Hearing the Sounds of "EX" ex = /e/ + /k//s/ex = /e/ + /g//z/ excel exam expand exist excite example extract exact except exert • exclaim exotic 25 PRIOR TOOK FROM GIVE BY PRIOR GIVE LLC A 1994 I PRIOR CO.









Long/Short Vowel Substitution (Oral!) Book C, Unit 16 leader /e/ to /a/ ceiling /e/ to /a/ fast /a/ to /e/ stem /e// to /e// peace /e/ to /a/ /o/ to /e/ chop /e/̄ to /o/̄ sleet slack /a/ to /e/ 25 TOOK FROM COMP LLC A 1964 FROM

Advanced Phoneme Awareness, Book D:

/t/ and /d/ before /y//ū/

educate gradual schedule individual future nature creature pasture

• In 'du', the /d/ sounds like: /j/
• In 'tu', the /t/ sounds like: /ch/

